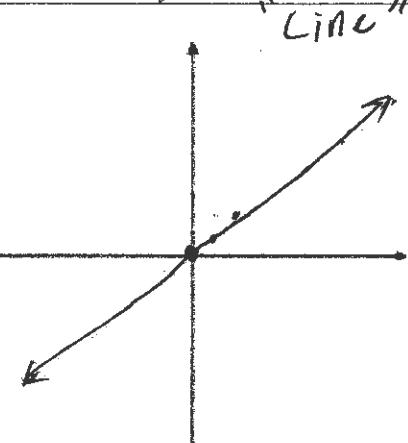
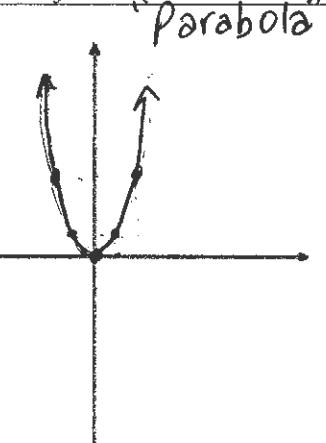
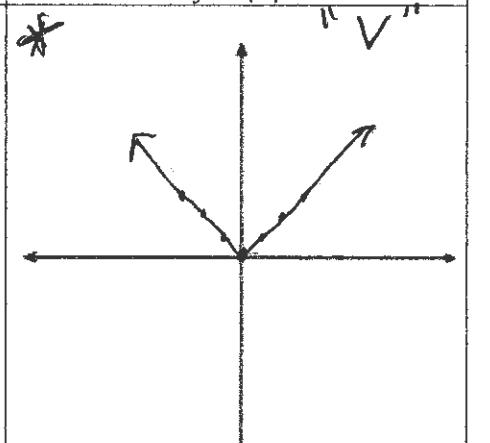


# MASTER

## Distance Learning: Key Features of Functions Review (Section 1-1)

Term	Definition
* Domain	All of the inputs ( $x$ -values) that produce a real number output ( $y$ -value) for a function.
* Range	All of the outputs ( $y$ -values) for a function.
* Interval Notation	A notation to describe a large set of numbers. $(3, 7]$ → all numbers greater than 3 but less than or equal to 7. $(-2, 5)$ → all numbers greater than -2 but less than 5.

Linear Parent Function	Quadratic Parent Function	Absolute Value Parent Function
$y = x$  "Line" $y\text{-int: } (0, 0)$ $\text{slope} = 1$	$y = x^2$  "Parabola" Vertex $(0, 0)$	$y =  x $  "V" Vertex $(0, 0)$ $\text{slope} = \pm 1$
<b>Key Features:</b> Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range: $(-\infty, \infty)$ X-intercept(s): $(0, 0)$ Y-intercept: $(0, 0)$ Increasing: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Decreasing: none Positive: $(0, \infty)$ Negative: $(-\infty, 0)$	<b>Key Features:</b> Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range: $[0, \infty)$ X-intercept(s): $(0, 0)$ Y-intercept: $(0, 0)$ Increasing: $[0, \infty)$ Decreasing: $(-\infty, 0]$ Positive: $(-\infty, 0) + (0, \infty)$ Negative: none	<b>Key Features:</b> Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range: $[0, \infty)$ X-intercept(s): $(0, 0)$ Y-intercept: $(0, 0)$ Increasing: $[0, \infty)$ Decreasing: $(-\infty, 0]$ Positive: $(-\infty, 0) + (0, \infty)$ Negative: none

Increasing: the interval where the function rises from left  $\rightarrow$  right

Decreasing: the interval where the function goes down from left to right

Positive: the interval where the function is above the  $x$ -axis

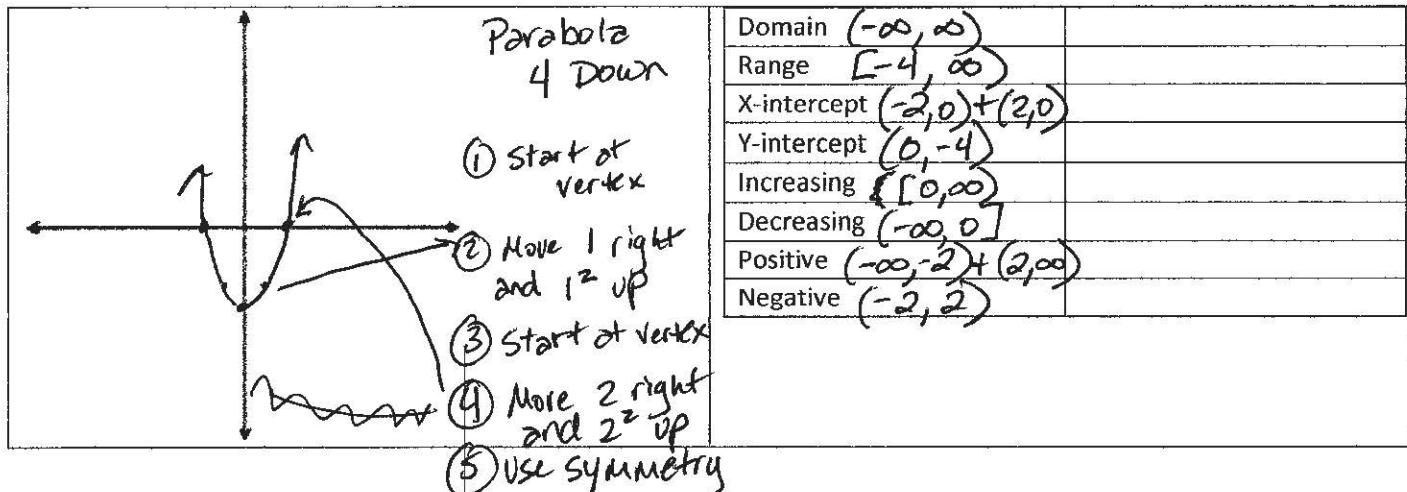
Negative: the interval where the function is below the  $x$ -axis.

# MASTER

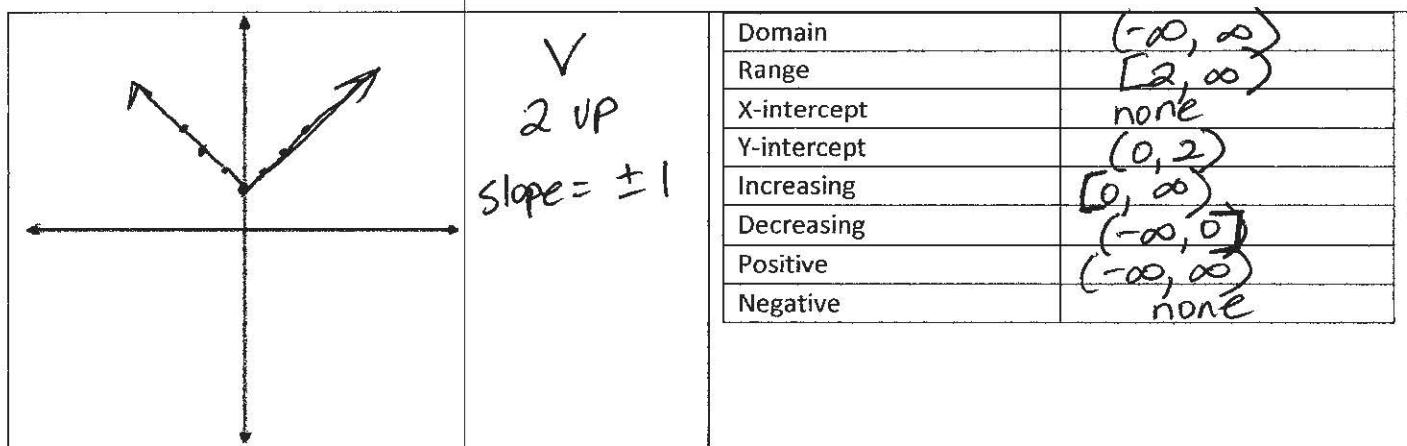
Examples: For each equation, graph the function and give the key features.

1.  $y = x^2 - 4$

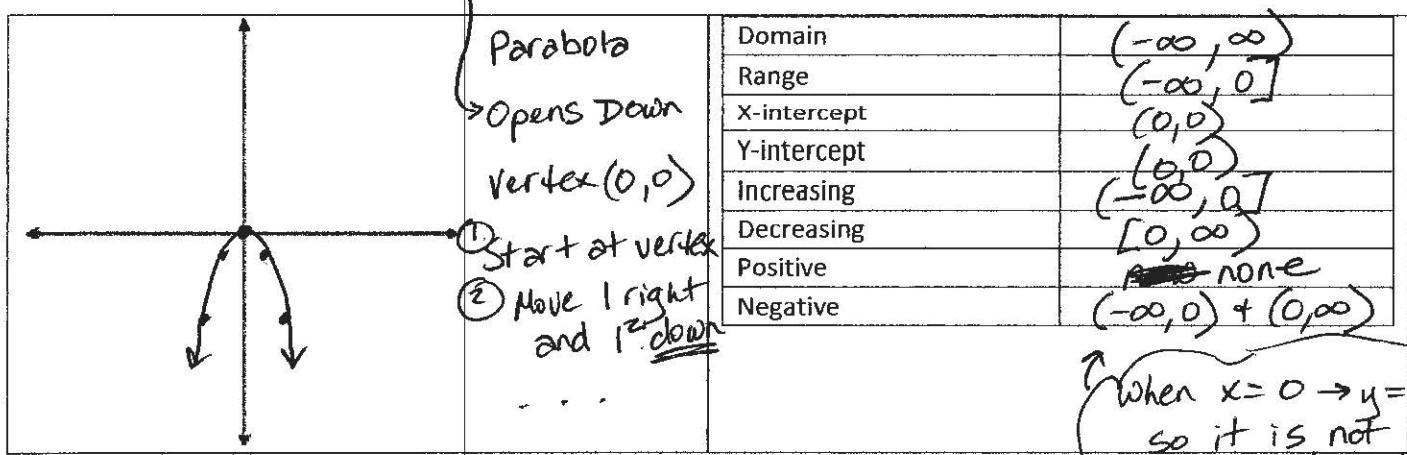
Use interval notation



2.  $y = |x| + 2$

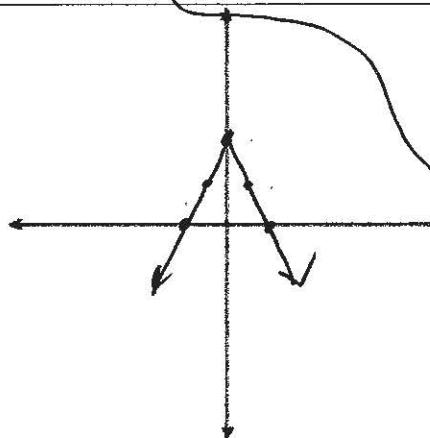


3.  $y = -x^2$



When  $x=0 \rightarrow y=0$   
 so it is not positive/negative at  $x=0$ .

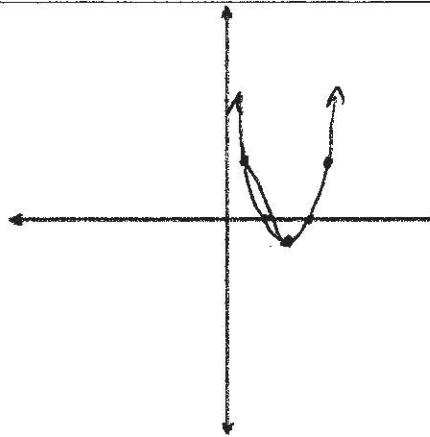
4.  $y = -2|x| + 4$



"V"  
4 up  
opens down  
Slope =  $-2$

Domain	$(-\infty, \infty)$
Range	$(-\infty, 4]$
X-intercept	$(-2, 0) + (2, 0)$
Y-intercept	$(0, 4)$
Increasing	$(-\infty, 0)$
Decreasing	$[0, \infty)$
Positive	$(-2, 2)$
Negative	$(-\infty, -2) + (2, \infty)$

5.  $y = (x - 3)^2 - 1$

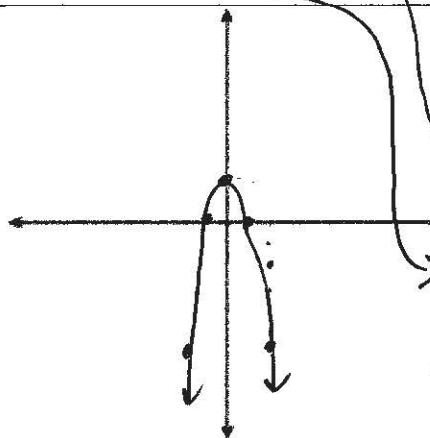


Parabola  
3 right, 1 down

Domain	$(-\infty, \infty)$
Range	$[-1, \infty)$
X-intercept	$(2, 0) + (4, 0)$
Y-intercept	$(0, 8)$
Increasing	$[3, \infty)$
Decreasing	$(-\infty, 3]$
Positive	$(-\infty, 2) + (2, \infty)$
Negative	$(2, 1)$

$$\begin{aligned}y &= (0-3)^2 - 1 \\y &= (-3)^2 - 1 \\y &= 9 - 1 = 8\end{aligned}$$

6.  $y = -2x^2 + 2$



Parabola  
2 up  
opens down

- ① Start at vertex
- ② Move 1 right and  $2(1)^2$  down
- ③ Move 2 right and  $2(2)^2$  down

Domain	$(-\infty, \infty)$
Range	$(-\infty, 2]$
X-intercept	$(-1, 0) + (1, 0)$
Y-intercept	$(0, 2)$
Increasing	$(-\infty, 0)$
Decreasing	$[0, \infty)$
Positive	$(-1, 1)$
Negative	$(-\infty, -1) + (1, \infty)$